

Fig. 1

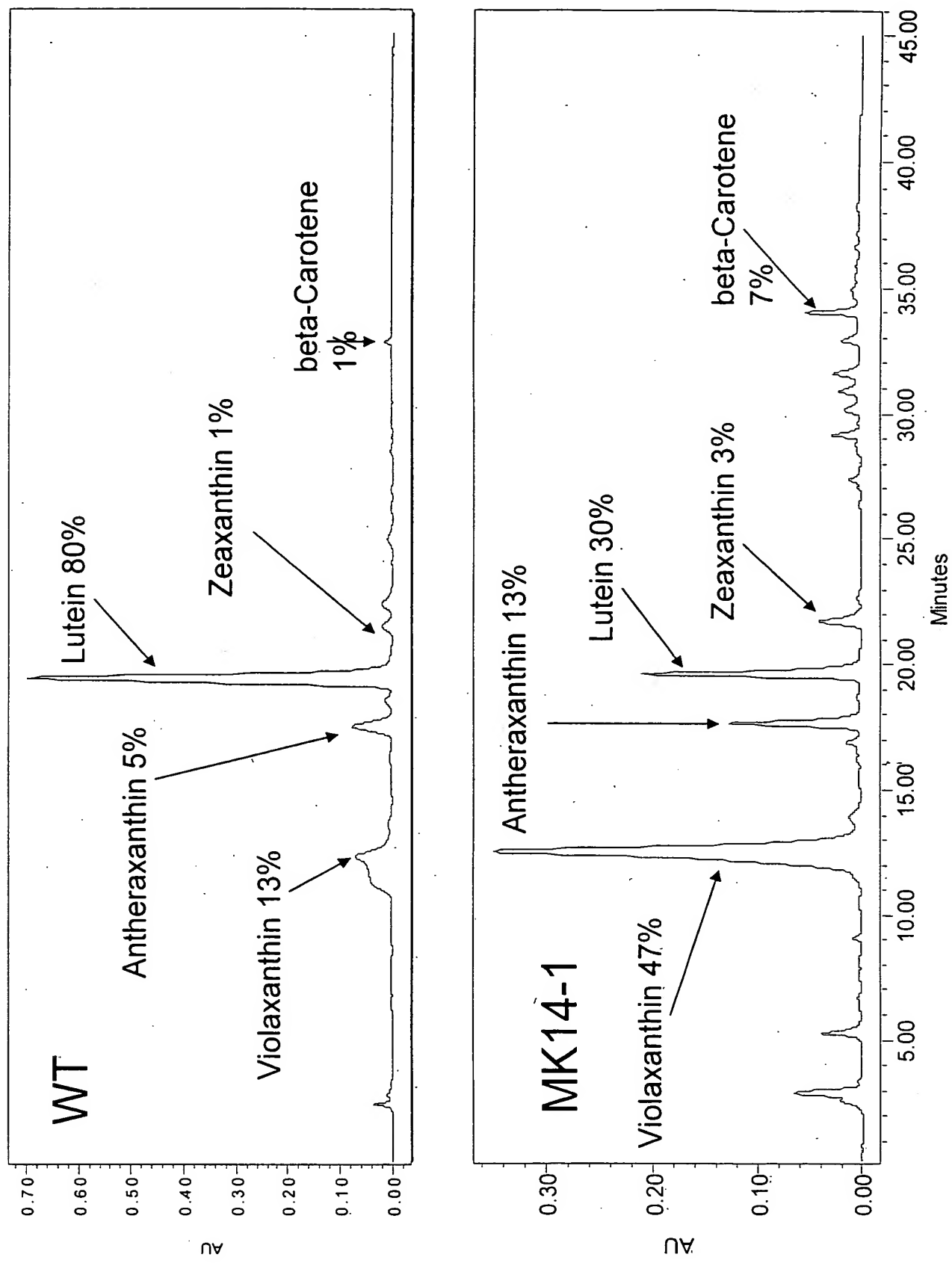
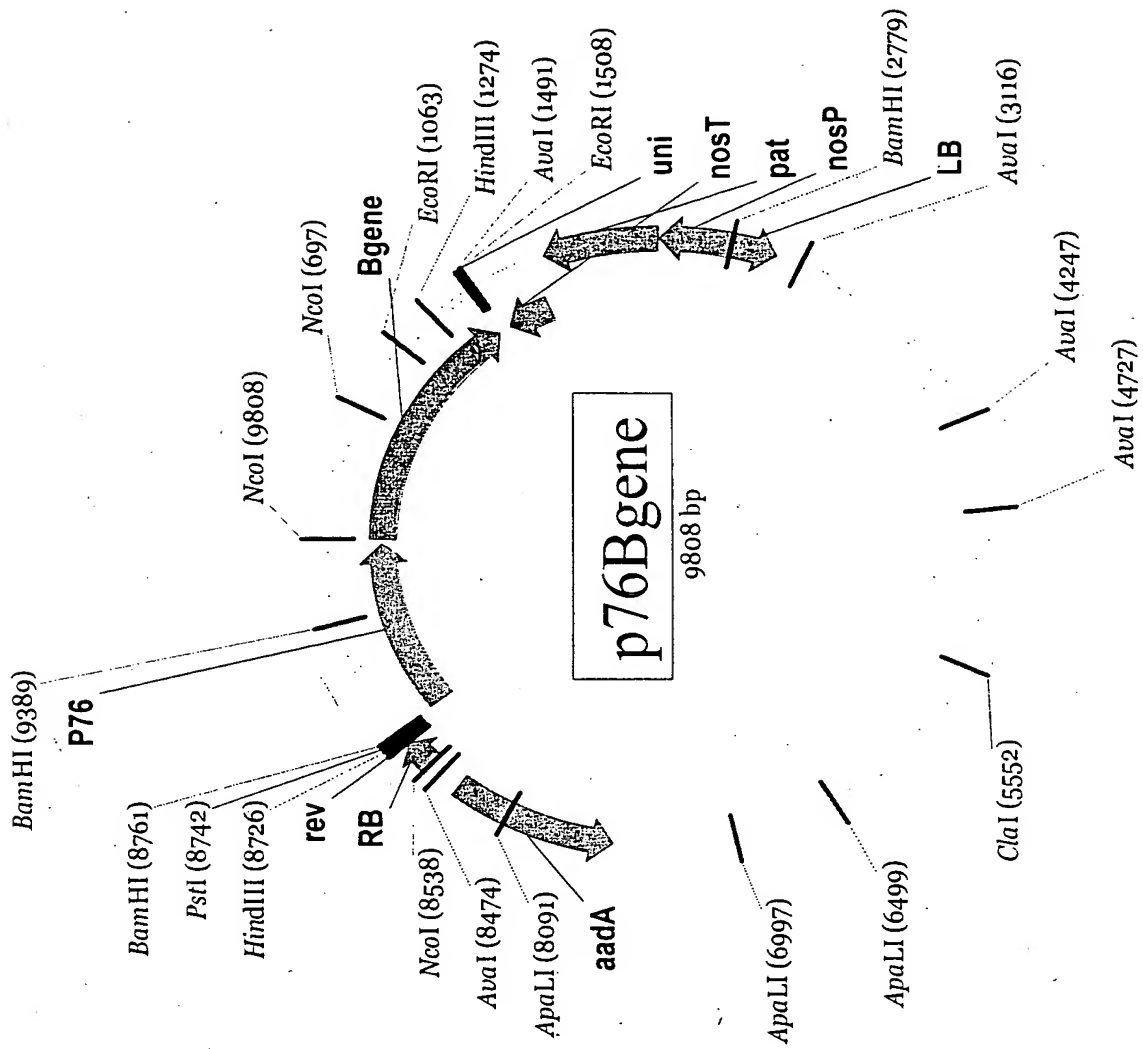
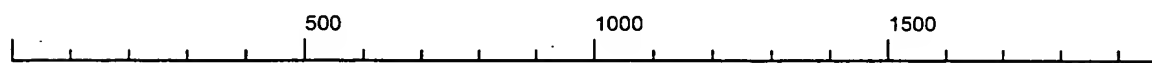
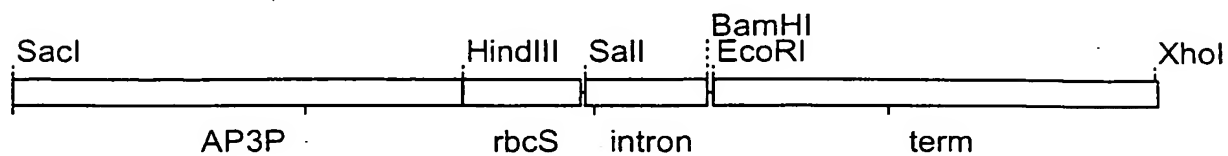


Fig. 2



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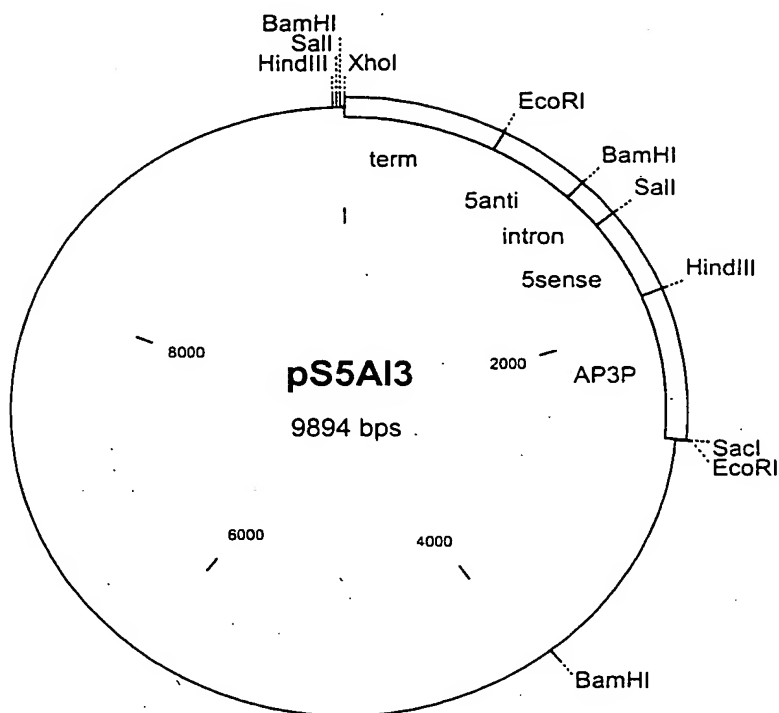
Figure 3: Cloning cassettes for the preparation of inverted-repeat expression cassettes for the flower-specific expression of epsilon-cyclase dsRNAs in *Tagetes erecta*



pJAI1 (1966 bps)

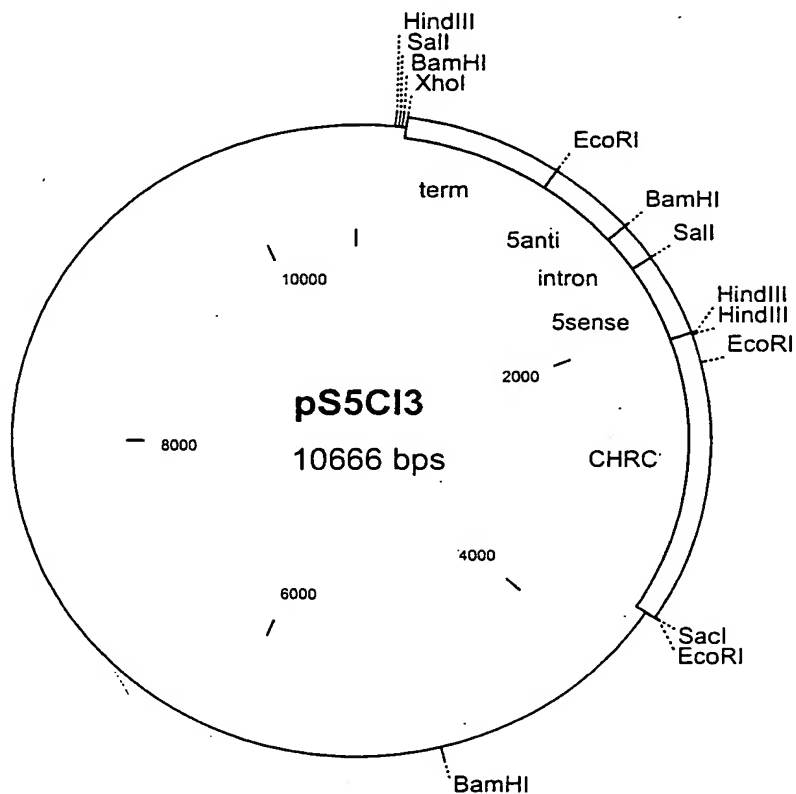
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Figure 4: Expression vector for the flower-specific production of dsRNA transcripts comprising 5' terminal fragments of the epsilon-cyclase cDNA (AF251016) under the control of the AP3P promoter



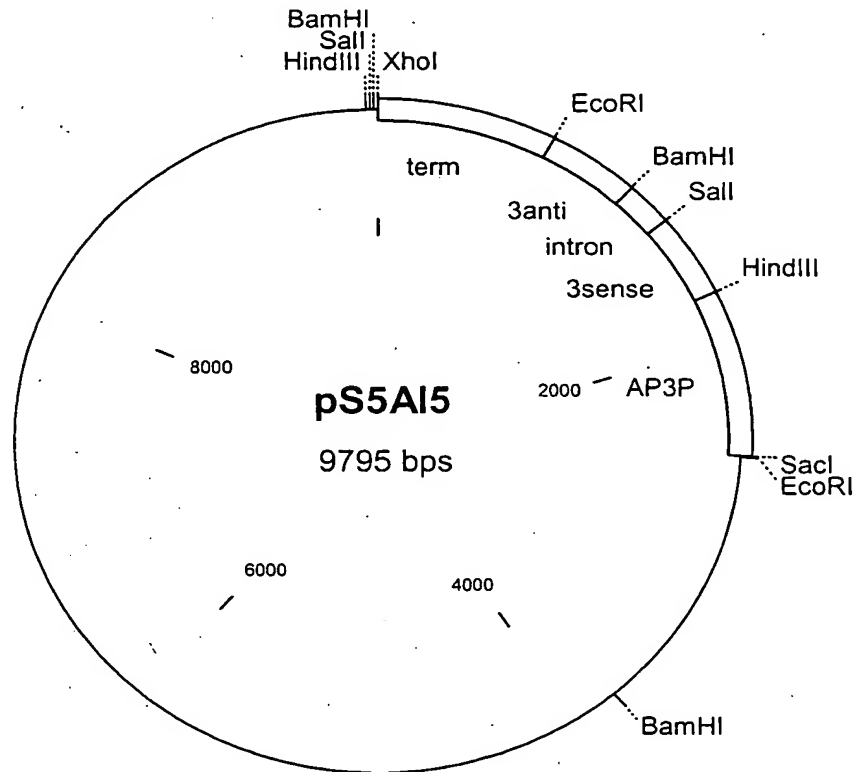
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Figure 5: Expression vector for the flower-specific production of dsRNA transcripts comprising 5' terminal fragments of the epsilon-cyclase cDNA (AF251016) under the control of the CHRC promoter



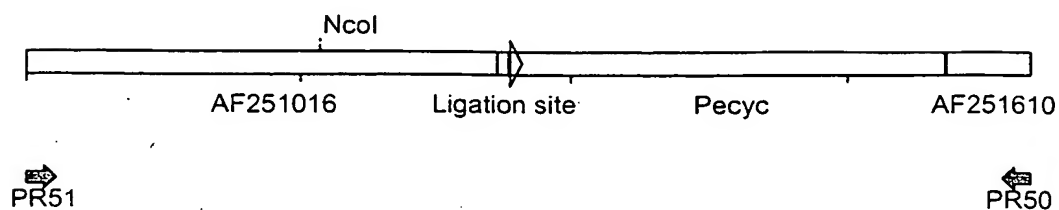
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Figure 6: Expression vector for the flower-specific production of dsRNA transcripts comprising 3' terminal fragments of the epsilon-cyclase cDNA (AF251016) under the control of the AP3P promoter



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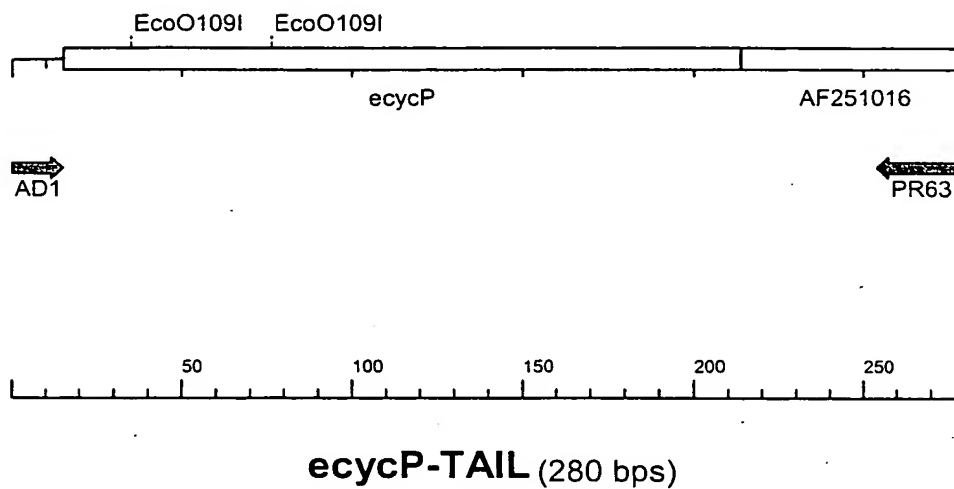
Figure 7: Inverse PCR amplificate which comprises the 312 bp fragment of the epsilon-cyclase promoter



ecycP-IPCR(734 bps)

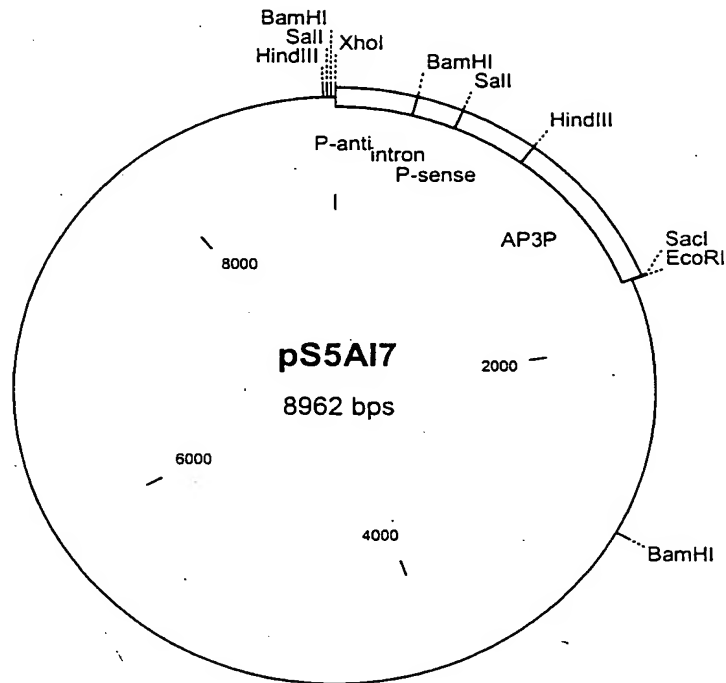
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Figure 8: TAIL PCR amplificate which comprises the 199 bp fragment of the epsilon-cyclase promoter



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Figure 9: Expression vector for the flower-specific production of dsRNA transcripts comprising the 312 bp5 promoter fragment of the epsilon-cyclase under the control of the AP3P promoter



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Figure 10: Expression vector for the flower-specific production of dsRNA transcripts comprising the 312 bp promoter fragment of the epsilon-cyclase under the control of the CHRC promoter.

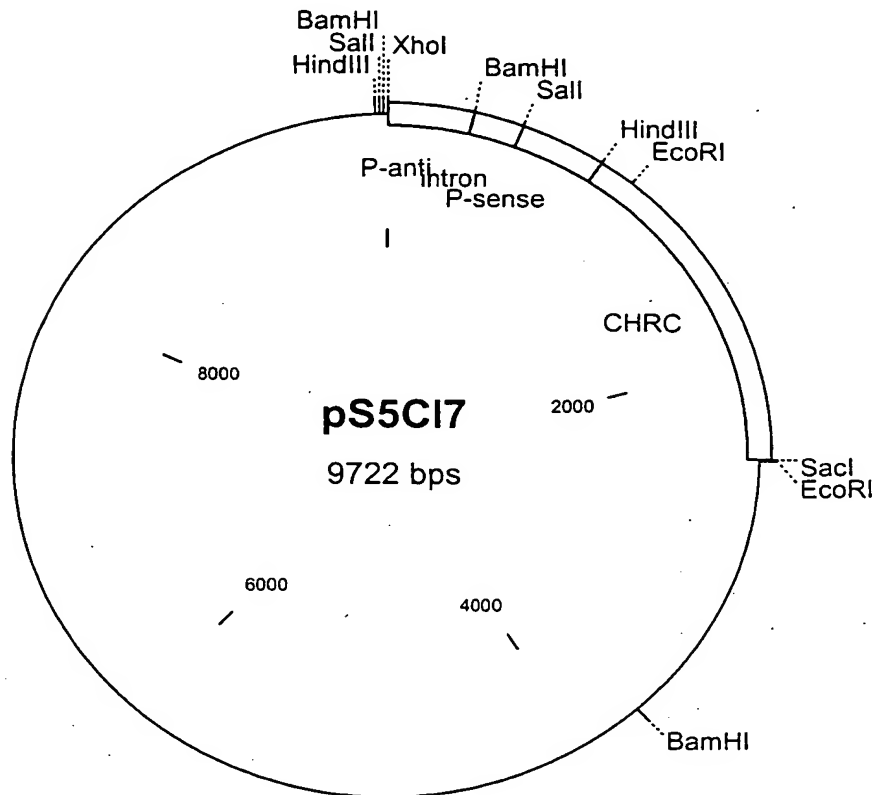


Figure 11: Expression vector for the flower-specific production of dsRNA transcripts comprising the 312 bp5 promoter fragment of the epsilon-cyclase under the control both of the AP3P promoter and the CHRC promoter

